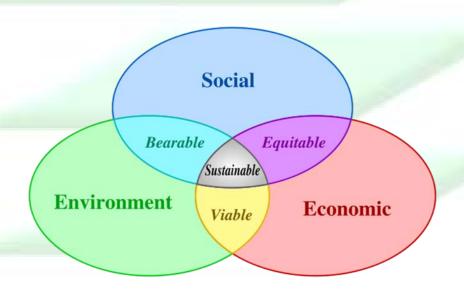


Sustainability of Existing Buildings

Northern Virginia NAIOP November 6, 2008

SUSTAINABILITY

Meeting the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs



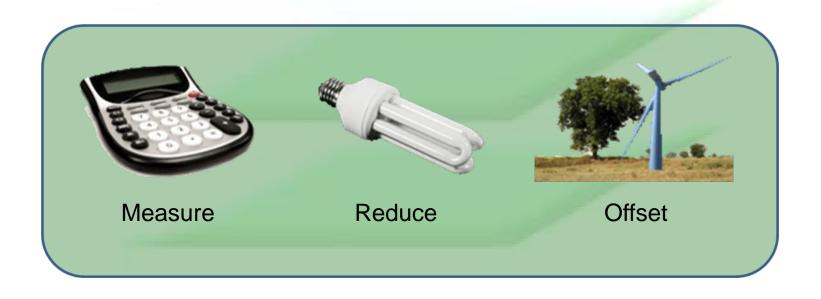
CARBON FOOTPRINT





BUILDING CARBON FOOTPRINT

A measure of the amount of carbon dioxide emissions directly or indirectly caused by a building



Environmental Impact of Buildings

In the United States, buildings account for:

- 72% of electricity consumption
- 39% of energy use
- 38% of all CO2 emissions
- 40% of raw materials use
- 30% of waste output
- 14% of potable water consumption

Nearly 40% of global primary energy is used in buildings



Existing Building Impacts

Northern Virginia RSF Office/Industrial

Square Feet 250MSF

Buildings 3,900

Premise: Upgrade from Energy Star 50 to 70

Estimated Annual Savings/Reductions

Energy Savings (megawatt hours) 1,180,851

Energy Cost Savings \$165.3M

CO2 (Metric Tons) 587,340

CO2 Reduction 21%

Sustainable Building Platform



Phase I: Sustainable Bldg Assessment

Phase I:

Thinking Green



- Evaluate
- Identify
- Quantify
- Analyze
- Prioritize
- Sustainable Building Platform





Typical Existing Building Conditions

- 10% to 30% higher resource use
- High equipment life-cycling rates
- Poor indoor air quality
- High materials consumption
- Poor operating policies
- Lower occupant productivity



READY SUSTAINABLE INITIATIVES

- Obtain Energy Star Rating
- Reduce resource consumption
- Increase efficiency
- Manage waste stream
- Implement policies
- Communication













Phase II: Implementation

- Review/optimize
- Benchmarks
- Assemble team
- Prepare plans
- Policies/Guidelines
- Do It!
- QC
- Certify



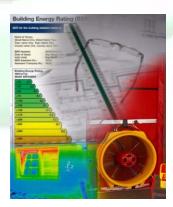


- Review & Refinement
- Team / Implementation
- Establish Baseline Metrics

Phase III: Monitor



- Refine
- Measure
- Monitor
- Improve
- Comply
- Go to Phase I



Sustainable Building Platform

